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Spiro[cyclopentane-1,2'(1'H)-pyrido-[2,3-d]pyrimidin]-4'(3'H)-one

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 113 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.040; wR factor = 0.103; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.1.

The title compound, C₁₁H₁₃N₂O, was obtained by cyclocondensation of 2-aminopyridine-3-carbonitrile with cyclopentanone. The molecule is built up from two fused sixmembered rings and one five-membered ring linked through a spiro C atom. Both the pyrimidine and the cyclopentane rings adopt envelope conformations. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked by intermolecular N-H···O hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

Many compounds containing the pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidine scaffold show pharmacological properties such as antitumor (Gangjee et al., 1996), analgesic (Cordeu et al., 2007) and antibacterial (Robins & Hitchings, 1958) activities. 2-Substituted 2,3-dihydropyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(1H)-one derivatives can be obtained by a Friedlander quinoline condensation, see: Li et al. (2008). For a related structure, see: Zhang et al. (2008). For our previous work, see: Li et al. (2009); Ma et al. (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data C11H13N3O $M_r = 203.24$

Orthorhombic, Pbca a = 10.400 (1) Å

b = 12.1650 (15) Åc = 15.370 (2) Å V = 1944.6 (4) Å³ Z = 8

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn724 CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (Crystal Clear-SM Expert; Rigaku/MSC, 2009) $T_{\min} = 0.971, T_{\max} = 0.974$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.103$	independent and constrained
S = 1.05	refinement
2314 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.40 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
144 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.20 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$N2-H1\cdots O1^{i}$	0.88 (2)	2.05 (2)	2.918 (1)	170 (2)
$N3-H2\cdots O1^{ii}$	0.89 (2)	2.00 (2)	2.876 (1)	172 (1)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}$, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, z; (ii) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1.

Data collection: Crystal Clear-SM Expert (Rigaku/MSC, 2009); cell refinement: Crystal Clear-SM Expert; data reduction: Crystal Clear-SM Expert; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: CrystalStructure (Rigaku/MSC, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: Crystal-Structure.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LX2156).

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Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.32 \times 0.30 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$

21571 measured reflections

2314 independent reflections

2168 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 113 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.037$

supplementary materials

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Spiro[cyclopentane-1,2'(1'H)-pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin]-4'(3'H)-one

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Comment

Many compounds containing pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidine scaffold show interesting pharmacological properties such as antitumor (Gangjee *et al.*, 1996), analgesic (Cordeu *et al.*, 2007) and antibacterial (Robins *et al.*, 1958) activities. 2-Substituted 2,3-dihydropyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(1*H*)-one derivatives can be obtained from the new conversion (PDF) existing in the normal Friedlander quinoline condensation (Li *et al.*, 2008). Here, we report the crystal structure of the title compound (Fig. 1).

The molecular structure (Fig. 1) is built up with two fused six-membered ring and one five-membered ring linked through a spiro C atom. The pyrimidine ring has an envelope conformation with a mean deviation of 0.1321 Å from the plane and N3 at the flap. The five-membered ring also displays an envelope conformation with a mean deviation of 0.1633 Å from the plane and atom C8 at the flap position. The geometry of the fused rings compares well with the related spiro[cyclopentane-1,2'(1'H)-quinazolin-4'(3'H)-one] (Zhang *et al.*, 2008). The crystal packing (Fig. 2) is stabilized by intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonds between the two N—H groups and the ketone O atoms of the neighbouring molecules (Table 1).

Experimental

A solution of 2-amino-3-cyanopyridine (2 mmol) and sodium methylate (0.6 mmol) was refluxed in cyclopentanone (3 ml) for 1.5 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and then filtered to give the title compound. The product was recrystallizated from a mixed solvent (ethanol:THF/1:1)to give colorless crystalline powder. M.p. 527–528 K. Spectral data: IR (KBr): 3271, 3168, 2922, 1644, 1600, 1420 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (DMSO,p.p.m.): 1.67–1.83 (8*H*, s, C₄H₈), 6.65–3.69 (1*H*, m, J = 12 Hz, ArH), 7.61 (1*H*, s, NH), 7.85–7.88 (1*H*, d, J = 7.2 Hz, ArH), 8.127(1*H*, s, NH), 8.305 (1*H*, s, ArH); ESI-MS m/z: $[M+H]^+$ 204.1, $[M+Na]^+$ 226.1; C₁₁H₁₃N₃O:calcd. C 65.01, H 6.45, N 20.68; found C 65.06, H 6.47, N 20.50.

Refinement

C—H were included in the riding model approximation with C—H distances 0.95–0.99 Å, and with $U_{iso}(H)=1.2U_{eq}(C)$ or $1.5U_{eq}(C)$ (methyl). H atoms of NH group were located in difference Fourrier maps with N—H distances 0.891–0.901 Å with $U_{iso}(H)=1.2U_{eq}(N)$.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small cycles of arbitrary radius.



Fig. 2. N—H···O interactions (dotted lines) in the crystal structure of the title compound. [Symmetry codes: (i) - x + 3/2, y +1/2, z; (ii) - x + 1, - y + 1, - z + 1; (iii) - x + 3/2, y - 1/2, z.]

Spiro[cyclopentane-1,2'(1'H)-pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin]- 4'(3'H)-one

Crystal data

C ₁₁ H ₁₃ N ₃ O	F(000) = 864
$M_r = 203.24$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.388 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, Pbca	Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71075$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab	Cell parameters from 9441 reflections
a = 10.400 (1) Å	$\theta = 1.3 - 35.6^{\circ}$
b = 12.1650 (15) Å	$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 15.370 (2) Å	T = 113 K
$V = 1944.6 (4) \text{ Å}^3$	Block, colorless
Z = 8	$0.32 \times 0.30 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn724 CCD diffractometer	2314 independent reflections
Radiation source: rotating anode	2168 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite multilayer	$R_{\rm int} = 0.037$
Detector resolution: 14.222 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.9^\circ, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.7^\circ$
ω scans	$h = -13 \rightarrow 13$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrystalClear-SM Expert; Rigaku/MSC, 2009)	$k = -16 \rightarrow 15$
$T_{\min} = 0.971, T_{\max} = 0.974$	$l = -20 \rightarrow 20$
21571 measured reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map
$wR(F^2) = 0.103$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
<i>S</i> = 1.05	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.0569P)^{2} + 0.6834P]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
2314 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
144 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.40 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
01	0.59391 (7)	0.42006 (6)	0.57792 (5)	0.01563 (19)
N1	0.94264 (9)	0.63850 (8)	0.68372 (6)	0.0171 (2)
N2	0.80796 (9)	0.69549 (8)	0.57226 (6)	0.0155 (2)
N3	0.64694 (9)	0.58137 (7)	0.51402 (6)	0.0146 (2)
C1	0.84778 (10)	0.61467 (9)	0.62723 (7)	0.0137 (2)
C2	0.78414 (10)	0.51204 (9)	0.62574 (7)	0.0137 (2)
C3	0.82323 (11)	0.43170 (9)	0.68436 (7)	0.0164 (2)
Н3	0.7818	0.3621	0.6855	0.020*
C4	0.92347 (11)	0.45420 (9)	0.74123 (7)	0.0185 (2)
H4	0.9539	0.4001	0.7808	0.022*
C5	0.97766 (11)	0.55837 (9)	0.73836 (7)	0.0184 (2)
H5	1.0449	0.5740	0.7783	0.022*
C6	0.66943 (10)	0.49939 (9)	0.57020 (7)	0.0130 (2)
C7	0.74197 (10)	0.66576 (8)	0.49201 (7)	0.0134 (2)
C8	0.83702 (11)	0.62728 (9)	0.42121 (7)	0.0168 (2)
H8A	0.9065	0.5818	0.4465	0.020*
H8B	0.7924	0.5845	0.3755	0.020*
C9	0.88986 (11)	0.73498 (9)	0.38493 (7)	0.0193 (2)
H9A	0.9265	0.7242	0.3261	0.023*
H9B	0.9571	0.7656	0.4235	0.023*
C10	0.77185 (12)	0.81065 (10)	0.38176 (8)	0.0231 (3)
H10A	0.7316	0.8083	0.3234	0.028*
H10B	0.7969	0.8875	0.3947	0.028*
C11	0.67779 (10)	0.76755 (9)	0.45118 (7)	0.0160 (2)
H11A	0.5946	0.7474	0.4242	0.019*
H11B	0.6620	0.8244	0.4960	0.019*
H1	0.8471 (15)	0.7598 (14)	0.5750 (10)	0.030 (4)*
H2	0.5769 (16)	0.5770 (12)	0.4815 (10)	0.024 (4)*
Atomic displacement	nt parameters ($Å^2$)			

U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}

supplementary materials

01	0.0148 (4)	0.0129 (4)	0.0193 (4)	-0.0014 (3)	0.0001 (3)	0.0009 (3)
N1	0.0166 (4)	0.0201 (5)	0.0147 (4)	-0.0014 (4)	-0.0011 (3)	-0.0010 (4)
N2	0.0177 (5)	0.0121 (5)	0.0166 (4)	-0.0029 (4)	-0.0033 (4)	0.0003 (3)
N3	0.0123 (4)	0.0140 (4)	0.0175 (4)	-0.0023 (3)	-0.0029 (4)	0.0020 (3)
C1	0.0134 (5)	0.0147 (5)	0.0131 (5)	0.0007 (4)	0.0024 (4)	-0.0013 (4)
C2	0.0135 (5)	0.0146 (5)	0.0130 (5)	0.0008 (4)	0.0008 (4)	-0.0010 (4)
C3	0.0185 (5)	0.0146 (5)	0.0161 (5)	0.0016 (4)	0.0010 (4)	-0.0001 (4)
C4	0.0201 (5)	0.0205 (5)	0.0147 (5)	0.0049 (4)	-0.0008 (4)	0.0019 (4)
C5	0.0162 (5)	0.0249 (6)	0.0142 (5)	0.0009 (4)	-0.0018 (4)	-0.0007 (4)
C6	0.0130 (5)	0.0121 (5)	0.0139 (5)	0.0016 (4)	0.0021 (4)	-0.0016 (4)
C7	0.0129 (5)	0.0122 (5)	0.0152 (5)	-0.0014 (4)	-0.0008 (4)	0.0011 (4)
C8	0.0179 (5)	0.0153 (5)	0.0171 (5)	0.0017 (4)	0.0006 (4)	0.0003 (4)
C9	0.0182 (5)	0.0191 (6)	0.0206 (5)	0.0000 (4)	0.0036 (4)	0.0028 (4)
C10	0.0252 (6)	0.0196 (6)	0.0246 (6)	0.0040 (5)	0.0057 (5)	0.0082 (5)
C11	0.0147 (5)	0.0138 (5)	0.0195 (5)	0.0010 (4)	-0.0011 (4)	0.0030 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C6	1.2500 (13)	C4—H4	0.9500
N1—C5	1.3372 (14)	С5—Н5	0.9500
N1-C1	1.3458 (14)	C7—C11	1.5404 (14)
N2—C1	1.3609 (14)	C7—C8	1.5428 (15)
N2—C7	1.4571 (13)	C8—C9	1.5262 (16)
N2—H1	0.882 (17)	C8—H8A	0.9900
N3—C6	1.3397 (14)	C8—H8B	0.9900
N3—C7	1.4646 (13)	C9—C10	1.5349 (16)
N3—H2	0.885 (16)	С9—Н9А	0.9900
C1—C2	1.4132 (15)	С9—Н9В	0.9900
C2—C3	1.3900 (15)	C10—C11	1.5397 (15)
C2—C6	1.4750 (14)	C10—H10A	0.9900
C3—C4	1.3878 (16)	C10—H10B	0.9900
С3—Н3	0.9500	C11—H11A	0.9900
C4—C5	1.3876 (16)	C11—H11B	0.9900
C5—N1—C1	116.60 (10)	N2—C7—C8	111.75 (9)
C1—N2—C7	119.32 (9)	N3—C7—C8	112.50 (9)
C1—N2—H1	118.1 (10)	C11—C7—C8	103.55 (8)
C7—N2—H1	118.5 (10)	C9—C8—C7	103.17 (9)
C6—N3—C7	123.56 (9)	C9—C8—H8A	111.1
C6—N3—H2	117.6 (9)	C7—C8—H8A	111.1
C7—N3—H2	117.8 (9)	C9—C8—H8B	111.1
N1—C1—N2	117.90 (10)	C7—C8—H8B	111.1
N1—C1—C2	122.96 (10)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.1
N2—C1—C2	119.05 (10)	C8—C9—C10	103.80 (9)
C3—C2—C1	118.28 (10)	С8—С9—Н9А	111.0
C3—C2—C6	122.57 (10)	С10—С9—Н9А	111.0
C1—C2—C6	118.70 (9)	С8—С9—Н9В	111.0
C4—C3—C2	119.29 (10)	С10—С9—Н9В	111.0
С4—С3—Н3	120.4	H9A—C9—H9B	109.0
С2—С3—Н3	120.4	C9—C10—C11	106.36 (9)

C5—C4—C3	117.72 (10)	C9—C10—H10A	110.5
С5—С4—Н4	121.1	C11—C10—H10A	110.5
C3—C4—H4	121.1	C9—C10—H10B	110.5
N1—C5—C4	125.11 (10)	C11—C10—H10B	110.5
N1—C5—H5	117.4	H10A—C10—H10B	108.6
С4—С5—Н5	117.4	C10—C11—C7	106.30 (9)
O1—C6—N3	121.75 (10)	C10—C11—H11A	110.5
O1—C6—C2	122.26 (10)	C7—C11—H11A	110.5
N3—C6—C2	115.89 (9)	C10—C11—H11B	110.5
N2C7N3	107.23 (8)	C7—C11—H11B	110.5
N2—C7—C11	110.45 (9)	H11A—C11—H11B	108.7
N3—C7—C11	111.42 (9)		
C5—N1—C1—N2	178.43 (10)	C3—C2—C6—N3	-177.04 (10)
C5—N1—C1—C2	1.72 (16)	C1-C2-C6-N3	10.81 (14)
C7—N2—C1—N1	158.25 (10)	C1—N2—C7—N3	44.94 (13)
C7—N2—C1—C2	-24.91 (15)	C1—N2—C7—C11	166.52 (9)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-1.20 (16)	C1—N2—C7—C8	-78.77 (12)
N2-C1-C2-C3	-177.86 (10)	C6—N3—C7—N2	-40.32 (13)
N1-C1-C2-C6	171.29 (10)	C6—N3—C7—C11	-161.29 (10)
N2—C1—C2—C6	-5.38 (15)	C6—N3—C7—C8	82.94 (12)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.71 (16)	N2—C7—C8—C9	-79.95 (10)
C6—C2—C3—C4	-172.89 (10)	N3—C7—C8—C9	159.36 (9)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.92 (16)	C11—C7—C8—C9	38.94 (10)
C1—N1—C5—C4	-0.39 (17)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-39.83 (11)
C3—C4—C5—N1	-1.43 (17)	C8—C9—C10—C11	25.43 (12)
C7—N3—C6—O1	-169.27 (9)	C9—C10—C11—C7	-1.25 (12)
C7—N3—C6—C2	14.28 (15)	N2-C7-C11-C10	96.69 (10)
C3—C2—C6—O1	6.53 (16)	N3—C7—C11—C10	-144.24 (9)
C1-C2-C6-O1	-165.62 (10)	C8—C7—C11—C10	-23.09 (11)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N2—H1···O1 ⁱ	0.88 (2)	2.05 (2)	2.918 (1)	170 (2)
N3—H2···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.89 (2)	2.00 (2)	2.876 (1)	172 (1)

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+3/2, y+1/2, z; (ii) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1.









